



Policy:	231203	Initial Effective Date: 12/19/2023
Code(s):	C9399, J3590	Annual Review Date: New Policy
SUBJECT:	Omvoh ® (mirikizumab-mrkz injection for subcutaneous use)	Last Revised Date: 12/19/2023

⊠Subject to Site of Care

# Prior approval is required for some or all procedure codes listed in this Corporate Drug Policy.

Initial and renewal requests for the medication(s) listed in this policy are subject to site of care management. When billed under the medical benefit, administration of the medication will be restricted to a non-hospital facility-based location (i.e., home infusion provider, provider's office, free-standing ambulatory infusion center) unless the member meets the site of care exception criteria. To view the exception criteria and a list of medications subject to site of care management please click here.

## **OVERVIEW**

Omvoh subcutaneous injection, a monoclonal antibody against the p19 subunit of the interleukin (IL)-23 cytokine, is indicated for the **maintenance treatment of ulcerative colitis** (UC), in adults with moderate to severe active disease.

### POLICY STATEMENT

This policy involves the use of Omvoh. Prior authorization is recommended for pharmacy benefit coverage of Omvoh. Approval is recommended for those who meet the conditions of coverage in the **Criteria and Initial/Extended Approval** for the diagnosis provided. **Conditions Not Recommended for Approval** are listed following the recommended authorization criteria. Requests for uses not listed in this policy will be reviewed for evidence of efficacy and for medical necessity on a case-by-case basis.

Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Omvoh as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, initial approval requires Omvoh be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated. All approvals for initial therapy are provided for the initial approval duration noted below; if reauthorization is allowed, a response to therapy is required for continuation of therapy unless otherwise noted below.

### RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of Omvoh is recommended in those who meet the following criteria:

1. Ulcerative Colitis. Approve for the duration noted if the patient meets ONE of the following (A or B):
A) Initial Therapy. Approve if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, iii, and iv):

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- i. Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
- **ii.** According to the prescriber, the patient will receive three induction doses with Omvoh intravenous within 3 months of initiating therapy with Omvoh subcutaneous; AND
- iii. Patient meets ONE of the following (a or b):
  - a) Patient has had a trial of one systemic agent for ulcerative colitis; OR Note: Examples include 6-mercaptopurine, azathioprine, cyclosporine, tacrolimus, or a corticosteroid such as prednisone, methylprednisolone. A trial of a mesalamine product does not count as a systemic therapy for ulcerative colitis. A trial of one biologic other than the requested drug also counts as a trial of one systemic agent for ulcerative colitis. A biosimilar of the requested biologic does not count. Refer to Appendix for examples of biologics used for ulcerative colitis.
  - **b)** Patient meets BOTH of the following [(1) and (2)]:
    - (1) Patient has pouchitis; AND
    - (2) Patient has tried an antibiotic, probiotic, corticosteroid enema, or mesalamine enema; AND <a href="Note">Note</a>: Examples of antibiotics include metronidazole and ciprofloxacin. Examples of corticosteroid enemas include hydrocortisone enema.
- iv. The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist; OR
- **B)** Patient is Currently Receiving Omvoh Subcutaneous. Approve if the patient meets BOTH of the following (i and ii):
  - i. Patient has been established on the requested drug for at least 6 months; AND <a href="Note">Note</a>: A patient who has received < 6 months of therapy or who is restarting therapy with the requested drug is reviewed under criterion A (Initial Therapy).
  - ii. Patient meets at least one of the following (a or b):
    - a) When assessed by at least one objective measure, patient experienced a beneficial clinical response from baseline (prior to initiating the requested drug); OR
      - <u>Note</u>: Examples of assessment for inflammatory response include fecal markers (e.g., fecal calprotectin), serum markers (e.g., C-reactive protein), endoscopic assessment, and/or reduced dose of corticosteroids.
    - **b**) Compared with baseline (prior to initiating the requested drug), patient experienced an improvement in at least one symptom, such as decreased pain, fatigue, stool frequency, and/or decreased rectal bleeding.

**Dosing in Ulcerative Colitis (UC):** Following the first three Omvoh intravenous doses administered at Week 0 and Week 4, and week 8, Omvoh may be switched to subcutaneous injection at Week 12. Administer 200mg (given as two consecutive injections of 100 mg each) subcutaneously at Week 12 and every 4 weeks thereafter.

# Initial Approval/ Extended Approval.

A) Initial Approval: 6 months (180 days)

**B)** Extended Approval:1 year (365 days)

### CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Omvoh has not been shown to be effective, or there are limited or preliminary data or potential safety concerns that are not supportive of general approval for the following conditions. (Note: This is not an exhaustive list of Conditions Not Recommended for Approval).

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- 1. Concurrent Use with a Biologic or with a Targeted Synthetic Disease-Modifying Antirheumatic Drug (DMARD). Omvoh should not be administered in combination with another biologic or with a targeted synthetic DMARD for an inflammatory condition (see <a href="Appendix">Appendix</a> for examples). Data are lacking evaluating concomitant use of Omvoh with another biologic or with a targeted synthetic DMARD for an inflammatory condition (see <a href="Appendix">Appendix</a> for examples). Combination therapy is generally not recommended due to a potential for a higher rate of adverse effects and lack of controlled data supporting additive efficacy. <a href="Note">Note</a>: This does NOT exclude the use of conventional agents (e.g., methotrexate, 6-mercaptopurine, azathioprine, and sulfasalazine) in combination with Omvoh.
- 2. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

## **Documentation Requirements:**

The Company reserves the right to request additional documentation as part of its coverage determination process. The Company may deny reimbursement when it has determined that the drug provided or services performed were not medically necessary, investigational, or experimental, not within the scope of benefits afforded to the member and/or a pattern of billing or other practice has been found to be either inappropriate or excessive. Additional documentation supporting medical necessity for the services provided must be made available upon request to the Company. Documentation requested may include patient records, test results and/or credentials of the provider ordering or performing a service. The Company also reserves the right to modify, revise, change, apply and interpret this policy at its sole discretion, and the exercise of this discretion shall be final and binding.

### REFERENCES

- 1. Omvoh injection [prescribing information]. Indianapolis, IN: Eli Lilly; October 2023.
- Rubin DT, Ananthakrishnan AN, Siegel CA, et al. ACG clinical guideline: ulcerative colitis in adults. Am J Gastroenterol. 2019;114(3):384-413.
- 3. Feuerstein JD, Isaacs KL, Schneider Y, et al. AGA clinical practice guidelines on the management of moderate to severe ulcerative colitis. *Gastroenterology*. 2020 Apr158(5):1450-1461.

### **APPENDIX**

	Mechanism of Action	Examples of Inflammatory Indications*			
Biologics					
Adalimumab SC Products (Humira®, biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, JIA, PsO, PsA, RA, UC			
Cimzia® (certolizumab pegol SC injection)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA, RA			
Etanercept SC Products (Enbrel®, biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, JIA, PsO, PsA			
Infliximab IV Products (Remicade®, biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, PsO, PsA, RA, UC			
<b>Zymfentra</b> ® (infliximab-dyyb SC injection)	Inhibition of TNF	CD, UC			
Simponi®, Simponi® Aria™ (golimumab SC	Inhibition of TNF	SC formulation: AS, PsA, RA, UC			
injection, golimumab IV infusion)		IV formulation: AS, PJIA, PsA, RA			
Actemra® (tocilizumab IV infusion, tocilizumab SC	Inhibition of IL-6	SC formulation: PJIA, RA, SJIA			
injection)		IV formulation: PJIA, RA, SJIA			
Kevzara® (sarilumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-6	RA			
Orencia® (abatacept IV infusion, abatacept SC	T-cell costimulation	SC formulation: JIA, PSA, RA			
injection)	modulator	IV formulation: JIA, PsA, RA			

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Rituximab IV Products (Rituxan®, biosimilars)	CD20-directed cytolytic	RA		
	antibody			
Kineret® (anakinra SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-1	JIA^, RA		
Stelara® (ustekinumab SC injection, ustekinumab	Inhibition of IL-12/23	SC formulation: CD, PsO, PsA, UC		
IV infusion)		IV formulation: CD, UC		
Siliq <sup>™</sup> (brodalumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-17	PsO		
Cosentyx® (secukinumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-17A	AS, ERA, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA		
Taltz <sup>®</sup> (ixekizumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-17A	AS, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA		
<b>Ilumya</b> <sup>™</sup> (tildrakizumab-asmn SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-23	PsO		
<b>Skyrizi</b> <sup>®</sup> (risankizumab-rzaa SC injection,	Inhibition of IL-23	SC formulation: CD, PSA, PsO		
risankizumab-rzaa IV infusion)		IV formulation: CD		
<b>Tremfya</b> <sup>™</sup> (guselkumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-23	PsO		
<b>Entyvio</b> <sup>™</sup> (vedolizumab IV infusion, vedolizimab	Integrin receptor antagonist	SC: UC		
SC injection)		IV: CD, UC		
Oral Therapies/Targeted Synthetic DMARDs				
Otezla® (apremilast tablets)	Inhibition of PDE4	PsO, PsA		
<b>Cibinqo</b> <sup>™</sup> (abrocitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	AD		
Olumiant® (baricitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	RA		
<b>Rinvoq</b> <sup>®</sup> (upadacitinib extended-release tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	AD, AS, nr-axSpA, RA, PsA, UC		
<b>Sotyktu</b> <sup>™</sup> (deucravacitinib tablets)	Inhibition of TYK2	PsO		
Xeljanz® (tofacitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	RA, PJIA, PsA, UC		
<b>Xeljanz</b> <sup>®</sup> <b>XR</b> (tofacitinib extended-release tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	RA, PsA, UC		
<b>Zeposia</b> ® (ozanimod tablets)	Sphingosine 1 phosphate	UC		
	receptor modulator			
<b>Velsipity</b> <sup>®</sup> (etrasimod tablets)	Sphingosine 1 phosphate	UC		
	receptor modulator			

<sup>\*</sup> Not an all-inclusive list of indications (e.g., oncology indications and rare inflammatory conditions are not listed). Refer to the prescribing information for the respective agent for FDA-approved indications; SC – Subcutaneous; TNF – Tumor necrosis factor; AS – Ankylosing spondylitis; CD – Crohn's disease; JIA – Juvenile idiopathic arthritis; PsO – Plaque psoriasis; PsA – Psoriatic arthritis; RA – Rheumatoid arthritis; UC – Ulcerative colitis; nr-axSpA – Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis; IV – Intravenous, PJIA – Polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; IL – Interleukin; SJIA – Systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; Off-label use of Kineret in JIA supported in guidelines; ERA – Enthesitis-related arthritis; DMARD – Disease-modifying antirheumatic drug; PDE4 – Phosphodiesterase 4; JAK – Janus kinase; AD – Atopic dermatitis; TYK2 – Tyrosine kinase 2.