

# Drug Policy

<b>Policy:</b>	<b>Tecfidera (dimethyl fumarate) AND Dimethyl fumarate capsules</b>	<b>Annual Review Date:</b>  <b>06/20/2024</b>  <b>Last Revised Date:</b>  <b>06/20/2024</b>
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## OVERVIEW

Dimethyl fumarate is indicated for the treatment of patients with relapsing forms of **multiple sclerosis (MS)** to include clinically isolated syndrome, relapsing remitting disease, and active secondary progressive MS in adults.

## POLICY STATEMENT

This policy involves the use of Dimethyl fumarate capsules and Tecfidera capsules. Prior authorization is recommended for pharmacy benefit coverage of Dimethyl fumarate capsules and Tecfidera capsules. Approval is recommended for those who meet the conditions of coverage in the **Criteria and Initial/Extended Approval** for the diagnosis provided. **Conditions Not Recommended for Approval** are listed following the recommended authorization criteria. Requests for uses not listed in this policy will be reviewed for evidence of efficacy and for medical necessity on a case-by-case basis.

Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Dimethyl fumarate capsules and Tecfidera capsules as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, initial approval requires Dimethyl fumarate capsules and Tecfidera capsules be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated. All approvals for initial therapy are provided for the initial approval duration noted below; if reauthorization is allowed, a response to therapy is required for continuation of therapy unless otherwise noted below. Dimethyl fumarate capsules and Tecfidera capsules also follows the Multiple Sclerosis Preferred Specialty Management policy and a trial of other preferred agents may be required.

**Automation:** When available, 1) ICD-10 code G35 confirming diagnosis of multiple sclerosis AND 2) patient age of 18 years or older will be used for automation to allow approval of generic dimethyl fumarate capsules.

## RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of Dimethyl fumarate capsules and Tecfidera capsules is recommended in those who meet the following criteria:

### 1. Multiple Sclerosis (MS)

**Criteria.** Patient must meet the following criteria (A or B):

A) Initial Therapy. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following (i, ii, and iii):

i. Patient has a relapsing form of multiple sclerosis; AND

Note: Examples of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis include clinically isolated syndrome, relapsing remitting disease, and active secondary progressive disease.

ii. The patient is 18 years of age or older; AND

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- iii. Medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or a physician who specializes in the treatment of multiple sclerosis; OR
- B) Patient Has Been Receiving Dimethyl Fumarate for  $\geq 1$  Year. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (i, ii, and iii):
  - i. Patient has a relapsing form of multiple sclerosis; AND  
Note: Examples of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis include clinically isolated syndrome, relapsing remitting disease, and active secondary progressive disease.
  - ii. Patient meets one of the following (a or b):
    - a) Patient experienced a beneficial clinical response when assessed by at least one objective measure; OR  
Note: Examples include stabilization or reduced worsening in disease activity as evaluated by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [absence or a decrease in gadolinium enhancing lesions, decrease in the number of new or enlarging T2 lesions]; stabilization or reduced worsening on the Expanded Disability State Scale (EDSS) score; achievement in criteria for No Evidence of Disease Activity-3 (NEDA-3) or NEDA-4; improvement on the fatigue symptom and impact questionnaire-relapsing multiple sclerosis (FSIQ-RMS) scale; reduction or absence of relapses; improvement or maintenance on the six-minute walk test or 12-Item Multiple Sclerosis Walking Scale; improvement on the Multiple Sclerosis Functional Composite (MSFC) score; and/or attenuation of brain volume loss; OR
    - b) Patient experienced stabilization, slowed progression, or improvement in at least one symptom such as motor function, fatigue, vision, bowel/bladder function, spasticity, walking/gait, or pain/numbness/tingling sensation; AND
  - iii. Medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or a physician who specializes in the treatment of multiple sclerosis.

## Initial Approval/ Extended Approval.

- A) *Initial Approval:* 365 days
- B) *Extended Approval:* 365 days

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## CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Dimethyl fumarate capsules and Tecfidera capsules has not been shown to be effective, or there are limited or preliminary data or potential safety concerns that are not supportive of general approval for the following conditions. (Note: This is not an exhaustive list of Conditions Not Recommended for Approval).

1. **Concurrent Use with Other Disease-Modifying Agents Used for Multiple Sclerosis.** These agents are not indicated for use in combination (See [Appendix](#) for examples). Additional data are required to determine if use of disease-modifying multiple sclerosis agents in combination is safe and provides added efficacy.
2. **Non-Relapsing Forms of Multiple Sclerosis.** The efficacy of dimethyl fumarate has not been established in patients with non-relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis.<sup>1</sup>  
Note: An example of a non-relapsing form of multiple sclerosis is primary progressive multiple sclerosis.
3. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

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## Documentation Requirements:

The Company reserves the right to request additional documentation as part of its coverage determination process. The Company may deny reimbursement when it has determined that the drug provided or services performed were not medically necessary, investigational or experimental, not within the scope of benefits afforded to the member and/or a pattern of billing or other practice has been found to be either inappropriate or excessive. Additional documentation supporting medical necessity for the services provided must be made available upon request to the Company. Documentation requested may include patient records, test results and/or credentials of the provider ordering or performing a service. The Company also reserves the right to modify, revise, change, apply and interpret this policy at its sole discretion, and the exercise of this discretion shall be final and binding.

## REFERENCES

1. Tecfidera® delayed-release capsules [prescribing information]. Cambridge, MA: Biogen; September 2022.
2. A Consensus Paper by the Multiple Sclerosis Coalition. The use of disease-modifying therapies in multiple sclerosis. September 2019. Available at: [http://www.nationalmssociety.org/getmedia/5ca284d3-fc7c-4ba5-b005-ab537d495c3c/DMT\\_Consensus\\_MS\\_Coalition\\_color](http://www.nationalmssociety.org/getmedia/5ca284d3-fc7c-4ba5-b005-ab537d495c3c/DMT_Consensus_MS_Coalition_color). Accessed on October 22, 2022.
3. McGinley MP, Goldschmidt C, Rae-Grant AD. Diagnosis and treatment of multiple sclerosis. A review. *JAMA*. 2021;325(8):765-779.
4. No authors listed. Drugs for multiple sclerosis. *Med Lett Drugs Ther*. 2021;63(1620):42-48.
5. Lublin FD, Reingold SC, Cohen JA, et al. Defining the clinical course of multiple sclerosis: the 2013 revisions. *Neurology*. 2014;83:278-286.
6. Thompson AJ, Banwell BL, Barkhof F, et al. Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis: 2017 revisions of the McDonald criteria. *Lancet Neurol*. 2018;17(2):162-173.

## APPENDIX

Medication	Mode of Administration
Aubagio® (teriflunomide tablets, generic)	Oral
Avonex® (interferon beta-1a intramuscular injection)	Injection (self-administered)
Bafiertam® (monomethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules)	Oral
Betaseron® (interferon beta-1b subcutaneous injection)	Injection (self-administered)
Briumvi™ (ublituximab-xiij intravenous infusion)	Intravenous infusion
Copaxone® (glatiramer acetate subcutaneous injection, generic)	Injection (self-administered)
Extavia® (interferon beta-1b subcutaneous injection)	Injection (self-administered)
Gilenya® (fingolimod capsules, generic)	Oral
Glatopa® (glatiramer acetate subcutaneous injection)	Injection (self-administered)
Kesimpta® (ofatumumab subcutaneous injection)	Injection (self-administered)
Lemtrada® (alemtuzumab intravenous infusion)	Intravenous infusion
Mavenclad® (cladribine tablets)	Oral
Mayzent® (siponimod tablets)	Oral
Ocrevus® (ocrelizumab intravenous infusion)	Intravenous infusion

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Plegridy® (peginterferon beta-1a subcutaneous or intramuscular injection)	Injection (self-administered)
Ponvory™ (ponesimod tablets)	Oral
Rebif® (interferon beta-1a subcutaneous injection)	Injection (self-administered)
Tascenso ODT™ (fingolimod orally disintegrating tablets)	Oral
Tecfidera® (dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules, generic)	Oral
Tysabri® (natalizumab intravenous infusion)	Intravenous infusion
Vumerity® (diroximel fumarate delayed-release capsules)	Oral
Zeposia® (ozanimod capsules)	Oral