### **Check Your Risk for Falling**

| Circle "Yes" or "No" for each statement below |        |   | Why it matters  |
|---|--------|---|---|
| Yes (2)                                       | No (0) | I have fallen in the past year.   | People who have fallen once are likely to fall again.   |
| Yes (2)                                       | No (0) | I use or have been advised to use a cane or walker to get around safely.  | People who have been advised to use a cane or walker may already be more likely to fall.      |
| Yes (1)                                       | No (0) | Sometimes I feel unsteady when I am walking.  | Unsteadiness or needing support while walking are signs of poor balance.                      |
| Yes (1)                                       | No (0) | I steady myself by holding onto furniture when walking at home.   | This is also a sign of poor balance.  |
| Yes (1)                                       | No (0) | I am worried about falling.   | People who are worried about falling are more likely to fall.                                 |
| Yes (1)                                       | No (0) | I need to push with my hands to stand up from a chair.  | This is a sign of weak leg muscles, a major reason for falling.                               |
| Yes (1)                                       | No (0) | I have some trouble stepping up onto a curb.  | This is also a sign of weak leg muscles.  |
| Yes (1)                                       | No (0) | I often have to rush to the toilet.   | Rushing to the bathroom, especially at night, increases your chance of falling.               |
| Yes (1)                                       | No (0) | I have lost some feeling in my feet.  | Numbness in your feet can cause stumbles and lead to falls.                                   |
| Yes (1)                                       | No (0) | I take medicine that sometimes makes me feel light-headed or more tired than usual.   | Side effects from medicines can sometimes increase your chance of falling.                    |
| Yes (1)                                       | No (0) | I take medicine to help me sleep or improve my mood.  | These medicines can sometimes increase your chance of falling.                                |
| Yes (1)                                       | No (0) | I often feel sad or depressed.  | Symptoms of depression, such as not feeling well or feeling slowed down, are linked to falls. |
| Total   |        | Add up the number of points for each "yes" answer. If you scored 4 points or more, you may be at risk for falling.<br>Discuss this brochure with your doctor. |   |

This checklist was developed by the Greater Los Angeles VA Geriatric Research Education Clinical Center and affiliates and is a validated fall risk self-assessment tool (Rubenstein et al. J Safety Res; 2011: 42(6)493-499). Adapted with permission of the authors.

# Four Things You Can Do to Prevent Falls:

#### ① Speak up.

Talk openly with your healthcare provider about fall risks and prevention. Ask your doctor or pharmacist to review your medicines.

#### <sup>(2)</sup> Keep moving.

Begin an exercise program to improve your leg strength and balance.

#### ③ Get an annual eye exam.

Replace eyeglasses as needed.

#### ④ Make your home safer.

Remove clutter and tripping hazards.

1 in 4 people 65 and older falls each year.

Falls can lead to a loss of independence, but they are preventable.

# Learn More

Contact your local community or senior center for information on exercise, fall prevention programs, and options for improving home safety, or visit:

- go.usa.gov/xN9XA
- www.stopfalls.org

# 

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention National Center for Injury Prevention and Control

#### For more information, visit www.cdc.gov/steadi

This brochure was produced in collaboration with the following organizations: VA Greater Los Angeles Healthcare System, Geriatric Research Education & Clinical Center (GRECC), and the Fall Prevention Center of Excellence. Distributed by:

# Stay Independent

Learn more about fall prevention.



Stopping Elderly Accidents, Deaths & Injuries